

General Plan : Appendix A Parks & Trails Master Plan

October 2017



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Purpose of a Parks & Trails Master Plan

Parks, trails, and open spaces contribute to the quality of life in Smithfield City. They provide recreational opportunities, revitalize neighborhoods, build healthy communities, encourage economic development, and create a sense of place for residents. This plan has been developed to provide a "road map" that will give direction and offer a framework to guide future planning, design, and implementation decisions. By planning now, before the pressures of growth force the city to accept whatever development comes, the city can direct development to maintain the character and values that the community embraces.

This report, along with the accompanying GIS database and maps, identifies the recreation amenities currently offered in the city and suggests additional parks and trails that may be required in the future in order to meet the city's growth needs. This plan establishes a base line of service, and quantifies the types of recreational improvements needed to maintain it. Additionally, this plan will provide a foundation for developing a Capital Improvements Plan and an Impact Fee Facilities Plan (IFFP). This plan does not designate or document open space. It doses however give a definition of open space to help guide Smithfield as it determines when and how to incorporate open space throughout the community in sensitive areas and within new developments.

Park land and the elements within it is set aside for the enjoyment and recreation of the city's residents. Parks offer space which can be programed in a variety of ways to meet the resident's recreational needs. Trails or pathways are a means of transportation and often link together parks, neighborhoods, and other destinations. Trails are becoming more and more popular as a means to get outside, recreate, exercise, and in some cases, commute.

The visual scene throughout Smithfield is largely impacted by both public and private open space. Protection of open space, whether within the city's



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limits or along the hillsides or in agricultural areas, may strengthen the rural image and culture of the community and ensure the habitats and natural environments of the area are protected against development.

Process

An Advisory Committee made up of city staff, members of the council and planning commission, and others was created to guide the General Plan update and the Parks and Trails Plan. A review and work session with the Smithfield City Council and Planning Commission was held to allow them to review and comment on the two plans. A public hearing was held to receive comments from the residents of Smithfield City. The comments were then addressed and added as the Council and Commission deem necessary.

Community Character

Smithfield City is located in the beautiful Cache Valley surrounded with stunning mountain views,

rivers and streams, and easily accessible canyons. Historically, the area depended predominantly on the agricultural industries of farming and ranching. Cache Valley was originally settled by trappers during the early 1800s, attracted by its rich supply of wildlife and wild game. In 1859, the first settlers moved north of the Logan settlement to focus on agricultural prospects. The area was surveyed, and the resulting settlement was named Summit. In 1860, the town was renamed Smithfield City in honor of the first Mormon Bishop, John G. Smith.

Vision

Provide affordable recreational, physical, and cultural opportunities for all of Smithfield City's residents, with a focus on families, youth development, and building healthy communities. The programs and services offered by the city will reflect the publics needs and interests and provide for safe, attractive, and well-maintained facilities.



Goals & Objectives

- » Maintain and reflect the rural character in all parks and trails projects
- » Provide recreation opportunities for all ages and user groups
- » Promote health and wellness
- » Strengthen community image and sense of place
- » Provide access to all parks and trails
- » Support economic development
- » Protect environmental resources
- » Provide Smithfield City with a living document to guide all park and trails planning, design and development

Guiding Principle

Enrich the lives of the residents by providing safe, welcoming parks and recreation facilities and affordable, diverse recreation and human services activities for people of all ages to play, learn, contemplate, build community, and be good stewards of our environment.

Population & Demographic Characteristics

The 2010 census results list Smithfield's population at 9,495 and the 2015 updated population estimate from the census the population was estimated to be 11,043, an increase of 1,548 (16%) from 2010. Within Smithfield's 5.16 square miles, the population density is 2,140 people per square mile. This ranks Smithfield as the second largest city in Cache County. There were approximately 2,945 households, out of which 36.5% (2010) had children under the age of 18 living with them. The median resident age is 29 years old. The average household size was 3.47 (2010).

Park and Recreation Opportunities in Smithfield City

Access to nature and parks and recreation has played a vital role for residents in the transition from a rural farming community to a more urban area. Today, the city's system of urban parks, open space, trails, recreation centers, programs, and special events are major contributors to Smithfield's acclaimed high quality of life.

Smithfield's parks and recreation system is a vibrant network of diverse recreation opportunities that is a direct result of decades of work, and investment by community members and leaders. The city's parks and recreation system

is a major community asset that repays those investments every day. The system enhances Smithfield by increasing property values; improving neighborhoods, families and community members; and enhancing lives and job performance as individuals' exercise, play and relieve stress. The green, beautiful and sustainable urban environment augments Smithfield's majestic natural setting. The Parks and Trails Master Plan is intended to help today's leaders and community members make sound and fruitful decisions that will help the community maintain and enhance their system of urban recreational assets and opportunities for years to come.

Smithfield's recreation opportunities include 70 acres of developed park land that include a number of ball fields, pavilions, playgrounds, volleyball areas, horseshoe pits, and an equestrian park. The city also has many miles of paved and unpaved trails that wander along canals and through the canyons. The city-owned Birch Creek Golf Course is ranked as one of the top courses in the state and top 500 courses in the nation. The have a fully equipped recreation center and pool that is managed and maintained in conjunction with the local high school and a civic center with a full size gym and youth center with gym and kitchen facilities.

Smithfield has many recreation, social, and cultural programs that include sports, biking, dance, summer camps, street markets, movie nights, and art, music, and theatre opportunities. The city's "Health Days" are an important annual event that includes fun run, parade, golf tournament, horse pull, musical competitions, children's theatre, and bike ride. This event brings the community together and has deep seeded roots that stem from events that the early Smithfield settler's started over a 100 years ago.

Today Smithfield is regarded as a progressive community with a vibrant recreation program. It is known for its high quality of life, physically active community members, and many premier outdoor destinations that are within a short walk, bike, or quick trip in the car. The closeness of Utah State University, which enrolls approximately 28,000 students, adds to Smithfield's young family population with an average age of 29 years old.



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Purpose of Definitions

The following definitions are based on the National Recreation and Parks Association standards tailored to the specific needs of the city. They are listed to provide the city with descriptions, classifications, and characterizations of the types of services and standards to use within the planning document. The size guidelines for the parks are based on the current park sizes that exist within Smithfield at the time the Parks and Trials Master Plan was developed. This information is intended to allow for clarity and consistency while discussing each type of service. Definitions will also serve as important tools for development of impact fees and capital improvement plans.

Definition of Project Improvements and System Improvements

The city may use the following definitions and descriptions as benchmarks in determining how Smithfield City may define its parks system.

Project Improvements

Project improvements include facilities that benefit a small area and are generally of little benefit to the community as a whole. They also include private facilities that limit access to the general public. This analysis considers mini-parks under one-half acre and private club areas (i.e. swimming pools, tennis courts, open space, etc.) as project improvements, unless developed by the city. Project improvements cannot be funded through impact fees, receive credit for costs against impact fees, or be considered in the impact fee level of service.

System Improvements

System improvements are intended to benefit the community as a whole. Only park improvements that service the entire community are considered in the level of service. The impact fees analysis may only include the cost of impact on the system improvements related to new growth. Generally, these improvements are located outside specific developments unless the improvement is provided in addition to the parks needed for the developer to receive full density.



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Definitions, Standards, and Guidelines for Facilities and Trails

Park Definitions and Types

MINI-PARK

A specialized facility that serves a concentrated or limited population or specific group, such as tots or senior citizens. This facility should be located within neighborhoods and in close proximity to apartment complexes, townhouse developments, or housing for the elderly. When used for detention of storm water, mini-parks are recommended to maintain a minimum shelf area which will remain dry (i.e. not used for detention). Mini-parks are not customarily included in the impact fee level of service for the city's parks because they are usually considered project improvements of a new development. These parks are not included in the city's level of service.

Typical Park Size: 5,000 sq. ft. - 1.99 acre

Site Characteristics:

- · Centrally located in neighborhoods and higher-density residential
- The walking distance should not exceed one-quarter mile nor require the crossing of busy streets
- Appropriate facilities include: children's playground equipment, grassy play areas, picnic tables and shelters, and benches

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK

Areas designed for intense recreational activities such as field games, court games, crafts, playground apparatus, skating, picnicking, wading pools, etc. Neighborhood park sites should be suited for intense development, easily accessible to neighborhood populations, and geographically located for safe walking and bicycle access (service radius of one-half mile). A minimum twenty percent of the site area should be dry (i.e. not used for detention). These parks are included in the city's level of service and considered system improvements.

Typical Park Size: 2.0 - 7.99 acre

Site Characteristics:

- · Comprises both active and passive recreational activities
- Centrally located to provide direct and safe walking/biking access
- · The walking distance should not exceed one-half mile
- Appropriate facilities include: open play areas for softball, soccer, youth baseball, Frisbee, etc., as well as restrooms, parking facilities, picnic areas, shelters, and playgrounds with seating available nearby. Sites should be relatively visible from adjoining streets



Central Park







Mack Park

COMMUNITY PARK

Areas of diverse recreational value including intense recreational facilities, such as athletic complexes and pools, as well as more passive uses such as picnicking, viewing, nature studying, and other types of recreational development. The size and amenities contained within each community park should be based on the planned population to be served. A minimum twenty percent of the site area should be dry (for a 10-year storm event). Community parks should serve the majority of residential areas with overlapping service-area coverage. These parks are included in the city's level of service and are considered system improvements.

Typical Park Size: 8.0 - 49.99 acre

Site Characteristics:

- Comprises both active and passive recreational activities with support facilities such as off-street parking and restrooms
- · The walking distance should not exceed three-quarters of a mile
- Appropriate facilities include: fields for formal baseball-softball, soccer, etc., along with picnic facilities, trail/pathway systems, and children's playgrounds. These parks should be located on arterial or collector streets and have landscaped setbacks to buffer active use areas from residential areas as needed



Forrester Acres

REGIONAL PARK/PARK PRESERVE

Areas of natural or ornamental quality for outdoor recreation such as picnicking, boating, fishing, swimming, camping, and trail uses, with much of the land reserved for conservation and natural resource management. While they sometimes contain traditional park facilities, like playground structures or tennis courts, regional parks are usually dedicated to one particular use. The location of these parks usually takes advantage of the area's unique, natural, or cultural features. These parks are included in the city's level of service and are considered system improvements.

Typical Park Size: 50+ acres

Site Characteristics:

 Comprises both active and passive recreational activities used to service the needs of the entire region.

SPECIAL-USE FACILITIES

Public recreation facilities that are set aside for specific purposes. Typical uses include community recreation centers, swimming pools, gymnasiums, rodeo grounds, golf courses, etc.

SPECIAL-USE AREAS

Miscellaneous public recreation areas or land occupied by a specialized facility. Typical uses of these areas include small or special uses/or specialty landscaped areas, cemeteries, community gardens, streetscapes, viewpoints, or historic sites. Special-use areas are not considered in the impact fee level of service.

Open Space Definition and Types

The definitions for open space facilities provide guidance in the determination of appropriate amenities for the community. Open space can be categorized into two types: passive and natural. The following definitions are provided to guide the appropriate location and components for a mix of open space that enhances the quality of life for existing and future residents. Open space can include sensitive areas within the city such as utility corridors, flood plains/wetlands or steep slopes.

PASSIVE OPEN SPACE

Areas that have had minor, if any, improvements and are set aside, dedicated, designated, or reserved for public or private use. Passive open spaces typically accommodate activities such as picnicking, hiking, bicycling, equestrian, walking, dog park or "off-leash" running areas, neighborhood electric vehicle areas, gardening, agriculture, and aesthetics, etc. Passive open spaces include plazas, greenbelts, buffers, landscaped parkways, peripheral landscape tracts, water or lake features, and entrances into the city or other similar areas. Subject to City Council approval, passive open space may be utilized for a secondary purpose of satisfying storm water retention requirements. Passive open space is property that is not considered sensitive lands.

NATURAL OPEN SPACE

Unimproved areas in their natural state and set aside, dedicated, designated, or reserved for public or private use. Minimal improvements are allowed in natural open spaces for trails, natural interpretive areas, and limited re-vegetation or landform alterations for trail maintenance, aesthetics, visual relief, and environmental, public safety, and/or emergency purposes so long as the areas disturbed are restored to their natural appearance. Natural open spaces shall not be used for improved drainage purposes. Natural open space includes water features, washes, riverbanks, desert lands, and other similar areas.

Trails/Walking Paths

Trails are thought of as a linear route on land with protected status and public access for recreation or transportation purposes such as walking, jogging, hiking, bicycling, horseback riding, mountain biking, and so on. Trails can include open spaces, landscaped areas, and/or trail systems that follow stream corridors, abandoned railroads, power line easements, or other elongated features.

NATURAL TRAIL

Unpaved, primitive paths intended for pedestrians and mountain bike use, created in the existing dirt and rock environment. They are usually in open, natural areas not following roadways.

PAVED BIKE/PEDESTRIAN PATHS

Paved bike/pedestrian paths are developed with a hard surface of pavement or concrete. The trails are intended for use by both bicyclists and pedestrians. They should be built to the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards.

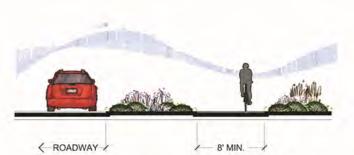


Heritage Trail

BIKE LANES AND ROUTES

Bike lanes and routes utilize vehicle roadways for bicyclists only to access local facilities and connect to other trails. These lanes and routes should also meet AASHTO bikeway standards:

1. Class I Bike and Pedestrian Trails (path) – Paved, hard-surface paths, with a minimum 10-feet- wide tread, and requiring a minimum separation of 5 feet from the roadway. AASHTO standards should be used as design guidelines.



10-12' Recommended (Separated path from roadway for exclusive use of bicycles and pedestrians)

CLASS I BIKE PATH

2. Class II Bike Lake - Striped lanes adjacent to the curb on a roadway.

3. Class III Bike Routes - Existing streets with signage for on-street bicycle use.



 ✓ 4-5' →
 Width depends on parking and edge condition (Striped Bike Lane with Bike Lane symbol)

CLASS II BIKE LANE

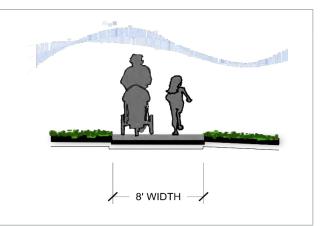


Shared use with pedestrians and motor vehicle traffic.

CLASS III BIKE ROUTE

WALKING PATH

Paved hard surface path usually 8 feet-wide but a minimum of 6 feet- wide. These types of trails/paths can be located in parks, used as trail/sidewalk when there is a separate bike lane in the roadway, or used just as trails with a shared use.



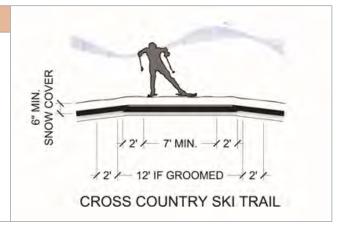
EQUESTRIAN TRAILS

Dirt or stabilized dirt is a preferred surface. The equestrian trail should be at least three to six feet away from a hard surface trail for bikes and pedestrians and at least 5-feet wide tread for horses. Vertical clearance for equestrians should be at least ten feet, with a horizontal clearance of at least five feet.



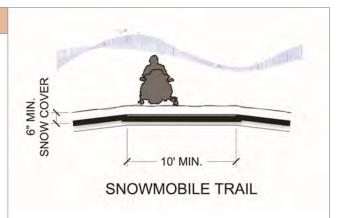
CROSS-COUNTRY SKI TRAILS

Many multi-use trails used for bicycling, walking, and horseback riding during warm months are ideal for cross-country skiing during winter months. The only requirement is at least six inches of snow.



SNOWMOBILE TRAILS

Multi-use trails can be designated snowmobile trails with as little as six inches of snow, without causing damage to the trails. Snowmobiles can damage the trails if they do not have enough snow, so signage should advise snowmobilers of the required snow depth.



TRAILHEADS

Trailheads are considered staging areas along a trail often accompanied by various public facilities such as parking areas, restroom, directional and information signs, benches, and picnic tables. Trailheads are an important link to trails as they provide areas for walkers and bikers to park, enter and exit the trail system, rest, picnic, and further enjoy the trail system.

ATV/OTHER TRAILS

Development of ATV, mountain bike and other types of trails are all important to give a full rounded experience to a number of diverse users.

Trail Systems

COMMUNITY

Trails within the community that link areas, such as schools, parks, churches, commercial and historical areas, and access points to regional and state trails. These can include sidewalks, roadways, and designated multi-use trails

REGIONAL

Trails that connect from community to community.

HISTORIC

Trails designated as historical areas, i.e. Old Western Trail or the California-Oregon Trail.

Smithfield City has a number of other recreation facilities which are not represented in the Parks and Trails Master Plan. These facilities have not been evaluated or inventoried as part of the level of service (LOS) for this document. These facilities include the Golf Course, Civic Center, Youth Center, and the Rec Center housed within the Sky View High School. All of these facilities offer recreation opportunities for the residents of the Smithfield but will not be included in the LOS at this time.

Park and Trail Level of Service

An analysis of the current level of service looks at existing acreages of park land, types of facilities within the parks and miles of trail. As the community grows, more parks and trails are needed to provide the diversity and quantity of facilities desired by residents. In order to serve residents at the current level into the future, when new parks are planned and developed they should include Neighborhood Parks that are generally of a medium size (2 to 8 acres). If desired additional community parks could be developed to accommodate the preferred sports fields and leisure activities wanted by the residents. The city will need to continue to build and develop trails to maintain the LOS and to allow for safe alternative transportation opportunities and walkable accesses to parks.

The LOS is based on the city's intent to provide continuing recreation opportunities in the form of well-maintained and strategically placed neighborhood and community parks and trails. Reasonable walkable access to the parks would be 1/2 mile for neighborhood parks and 3/4 mile for community parks. Figure 1: Walkable Park Access indicates the current walkable access for all existing parks. However, only the neighborhood and community parks will be considered in the LOS and the determination of future needs. A larger version of this map is included as Attachment 4.

Open space is not included in the LOS for the Parks and Trails Master Plan. The city should however, continue to allow open space dedications that are usable and include sensitive lands such as wetlands, riparian areas, steep slopes and rock outcrops, and other lands which have value visually or can be accessed by trails to help maintain the rural aspects of the city.



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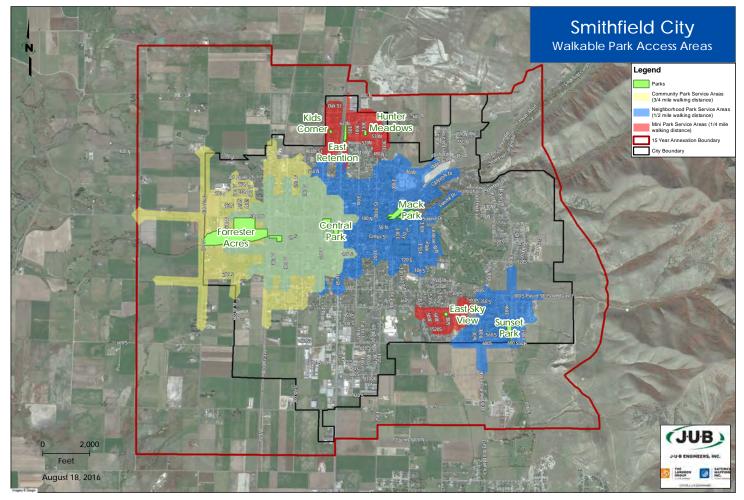


Figure 1: Walkable Park Access Areas

Park Name	Total Acreage	Developed Acreage	Undeveloped	Detention	Approx. Location	Description			
East Sky View	.6	.6	-	.6	620 East 420 South	Mini-Park Not included in the LOS			
Hunter Meadows	.6	.6	-	.6	570 North 130 East	Mini-Park Not included in the LOS			
Kids' Corner	.6	.6	-	.6	Wasatch and Maple	Mini-Park Not included in the LOS			
East Retention Park	1.8	1.8	-	1.8	630 North Main	Mini-Park Not included in the LOS			
Central Park	8	6.3	1.7	-	50 West 100 North	Neighborhood			
Forrester Acres	48	44	4	1.5	450 West 100 North	Community			
Heritage Park	2.5	2.5	-	-	350/360 West Center	Neighborhood			
Mack Park	6.6	4.8	1.8	-	50 North 300 East	Neighborhood			
Sunset Park	2.6	2.6	-	2 underground	500 South 1000 East	Neighborhood			
Total Acreage	70.8	63.8	7.5	7.1	Total Park Acreage included in the LOS: 67.7 ac				
Total Park Acreage included in the LOS	67.7	60.2	7.5	5.1 Not included in LOS					

Trail Name	Total Miles	Use	Approximate Location	Description
Heritage Trail	2.9	Multi-use	Through the Parks and City	Regional
Nature Trail	.2	Multi-use	380 East Canyon	Community
Sunset Trail	.8	Multi-use	500 East to Center	Regional
Total Trail Miles included in the LOS	3.9			

Existing Park and Trail Inventory

An inventory was conducted by city staff to determine the type, quantity, and quality of recreation facilities and opportunities that are currently available in Smithfield City. The city provided a list of all the parks and trails and the amenities found in each (see GIS database) the quantity and condition of each amenity was assessed. The inventory data was entered it into the GIS database and is now spatially linked to each park and trail on the map, and is available for recall and updating whenever changes are made. It provides an accurate and current "picture" of the amenities found at each park and trail and their current condition. For the results of the inventory, please see Attachment 1: Existing and Future Parks, Attachment 2: Existing and Future Trails, and Attachment 3: Existing Parks and Trails Inventory to view the locations and amenities of the parks and trails. These attachments will give an inventory and condition of all the amenities in each park and trail as well as the future needs for each. This information is also available within the GIS database tables associated with the parks and

trails maps. The GIS database tables allow for easy hands on electronic access for the staff as well as the ability to view and update the amenities and condition while in the field.

In general, the parks and trails are in fair to good condition. There are two areas of concern that have been highlighted by this inventory and analysis. They include 1) a need to rebuild/ remodel many of the restroom facilities in a number of the parks and 2) a need to replace playground surface areas in all parks. Current playground surfaces have sand which can harden and put the children at higher risk of fall injuries according to the city's insurance agency. The Parks Department spends many hours each week raking the sand surfaces to help prevent injury. Cost, time and injury risks can be reduced by making strides to replace the sand with other types of surfaces. An additional consideration is that currently residents and children with ADA accessibility limitations cannot access any of the playground areas because of the current type of surface. New surfaces can be implemented in some of the parks to allow for ADA access.



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Recommendations to System

Proposed Active Park Land

The city's Existing and Future Parks and Trails map indicates *approximate locations* for future opportunities for new park and trail facilities. The future planned parks are represented as a clouds and do not indicate a zone change for the property in which the park cloud may be located.

The city has planned four new neighborhood parks as the population increases. With new growth the city will be able to reference the future parks and trails maps from this plan as well as the general plan to guide and encourage developers to participate in the development of new park and trail facilities through impact fees, land donations, or actual park development.

Smithfield City could choose to incorporate the planned parks through development agreements, development negotiations, or by purchasing the property outright. The planned parks have been located in areas of the community that have growth potential and are not now serviced by a park facility or are not within the designated walking distance. See Attachment 1: Existing and Future Parks Map for general areas where future parks could be located.

Proposed Trails

Future trails within Smithfield City face a unique situation due to the compactness of the development throughout the community. There are very limited areas for trails to "meander" through the community, however, it is still possible to allow for trails east and west of the golf course and along Canyon Road and in new developments within Smithfield City. The Advisory Committee identified the options for trails that have been proposed in the General Plan on the Future Land Use Map. Some of the trails indicated on the map are a combination of trail/sidewalk that are next to existing roads and within city rights-of-way. The Committee made every effort to form trail system connectivity to other communities.

The General Plan indicated future multi-use trails, sidewalk trails, and and equestrian trail that could be designated. The cost to build an 8 – 10-foot-wide asphalt trail in 2016 dollars is estimated at \$38 per liner foot (this cost does not include the purchase of right-of-way). See Attachment 2: Existing and Future Trails Map for future planned trails.

Other Nearby Recreational Opportunities

- » Logan Skate Park: located at 500 South 595 West, Logan.
- » Willow Park Zoo: located at 419 West 700 South, Logan. The Zoo provides a sanctuary for 11 mammal species, a mixture of reptiles and fish, and over 100 bird species.
- » Forest Service Trails: trails located within the Forest Service area are available for public uses.
- » Hyrum State Park: boating, year-round fishing, waterskiing, camping and swimming on a 450acre lake.
- » Hardware Ranch: (winter wildlife feeding ranch) up Blacksmith Fork Canyon.
- » American West Heritage Center: 160-acre living history center with historical and animal exhibits, and fall harvest festival. Located 6 miles south of Logan on U.S. Highway 89/91.

The strategy plan below outlines specific goals, action items, and timing. Each of the goals in the strategy plan are aimed at accomplishing the overarching Parks and Trails Master Plan goals and objectives as detailed in Chapter 1.

The strategy plan reflects the priorities set forth by the Advisory Committee, Planning Commission, and City Council. One of the key goals listed in this plan is that priorities for parks, facilities, trails, and open space may be reviewed regularly to insure the goals are in line with the current objectives of the community. Additionally, since the priorities of planned goals will shift over time, and new goals may need to be set, the plan itself should experience a comprehensive review and update every five years.

Strategy Plan

Planning Policies/Goals

- 1. Adopt the Parks and Trails Master Plan.
- 2. As the population increases, adopt a citywide level of service goal by resolution.
- 3. Analyze the park and trail needs as population increases, and analyze the needed impact fees, as a means of funding future improvements.
- 4. Adopt standards of development for all parks and trails by ordinance.
- 5. Perform a comprehensive update to the Parks and Trails Master Plan every five years.
- 6. Explore possible opportunities for a land preservation program such as transfer/purchase of development rights, conservation easements, and agri-tourism.

PLANNING ACTIONS	TIMING	RESPONSIBILITY
 Action A: Adopt the Parks and Trails Master Plan. A-1 Schedule public hearing. A-2 Take public comments and make recommendations. A-3 Adopt new Parks and Trails Master Plan. 	0-6 months	City staff and City Council
Action B: Annual review of the community's needs and priorities for parks, trails, and open space projects annually.		
B-1 Schedule a retreat with the City Council to review the current and future needs of the parks and trails. Use this time to identify and budget for these items.	Annually	Planning Commission/ City Council
B-2 Annually review budget and needs in public meetings.B-3 Take public comments and make recommendations.		
B-4 Adopt new priorities as necessary.		

PLANNING ACTIONS	TIMING	RESPONSIBILITY
 Action C: Adopt standards of development for all parks, trails, and open space by ordinance. C-1 Specify development standards and requirements for all future parks, trails, and open space developed within the community. C-2 Document standards and requirements by ordinance. 	0-1 year	Public Works, City Engineer, Planning Commission, City Council and advisory staff
 Action D: Perform a comprehensive update to the Parks and Trails Master Plan at least every 5 years. D-1 Review results of annual reviews and/or amendments to the plan and determine which goals and plan aspects are in need of update. D-2 Submit a report on the status and needed updates of the plan. D-3 Hold a public hearing for comments about the plan. D-4 Assign or commission the work of updating the plan. 	Every 5 years/as needed	City staff, Planning Commission and City Council
 Action E: Explore and implement a land preservation program such as transfer/purchase of development rights, conservation easements, and agri-tourism and reserve or preserve overlays, to help preserve the agricultural and rural character. E-1 Invite consultants to present concepts at City Council meetings. E-2 Hold public hearings for comments about the programs. E-3 Decide upon a program that suits the city. E-4 Update the zoning and subdivision ordinances to implement the land preservation program. 	0-1 year	City Staff, Planning Commission and City Council

Project Policies/Goals

- 1. Complete needed improvements to existing parks as outlined in this plan using funding opportunities available each year.
- 2. Identify any additional areas where future parks and trails may need to be as land is annexed into the city.
- 3. Take opportunities to acquire land when it is available at a reasonable price.
- 4. Explore the possibilities for dedication and/or purchasing of future parks and trails land as new development occurs. Contact land owners, developers, and private sources for gifts, dedications, or trades.
- 5. Work with nearby communities to develop trails, trail heads and/or possible areas where parking may be available to access the trails.
- 6. Work in conjunction with other communities, County, and private land owners to acquire land and develop maps and guidelines for facilities and use.

PROJECT ACTIONS	TIMING	RESPONSIBILITY	
Action A: Complete needed improvements to existing parks as outlined in this plan.			
A-1 Develop concept and master plans and cost estimates for improvement projects.			
A-2 Review and amend the recommended improvements for the parks and trails as listed in this plan.	0-2 years	City Staff, Planning Commission and City	
A-3 Submit recommendation to the City Council.		Council	
A-4 Approve plan and budget for park and trail improvements.			
A-5 As improvements are made update the level of service.			
Action B: Take opportunities to acquire land when it is available at a reasonable price.			
B-1 Explore the possibilities for dedication and/or purchasing of future parks/open space and trails before land prices preclude development.	0-5 years	City Staff and City Council	
B-2 Contact land owners, developers, and private sources for gifts, dedications, or trades.		Couricii	

Funding and Budget Policies/Goals

- 1. Prepare an annual budget to address priority park projects in the city's Capital Improvement Plan.
- 2. Obtain funding from as many outside sources as possible.

FUNDING & BUDGET ACTIONS	TIMING	RESPONSIBILITY		
Action A: Obtain funding from as many outside sources as possible.				
A-1 Identify funding possibilities from federal, state, regional, and local sources.				
A-2 Apply for grants for specific parks, trails, and open space projects.	0-5 years	City Staff and Public		
A-3 Create and cultivate good relationships with important funding sources.	0-5 years	Works		
A-4 Investigate opportunities for private funding.				
A-5 Contact land owners and private sources for gifts, donations, & dedications.				
Action B: Prepare annual budget to address priority projects.				
B-1 Hold a work meeting to review the needs, priorities, goals, and budget for parks and trails projects.				
B-2 Prepare/revise a strategic plan for budgeting and accomplishing the goals of this plan during the next 5 years.	Annually	City Council		
B-3 Adopt a budget which includes accomplishing the identified goals for that year				



SMITHFIELD CITY // Appendix A: Parks & Trails Master Plan // 24

Funding Options

Parks and Recreation

Private and Public Partnerships

The Parks and Recreation Department and a private developer may often cooperate on a facility that serves the public, yet is also attractive to an entrepreneur. These partnerships can be effective funding methods for special use sports facilities like baseball or soccer complexes. However, they generally are not feasible when the objective is to develop neighborhood and community parks that provide facilities such as playgrounds, informal playing fields, and other recreational opportunities that are generally available to the public free of charge. A recreation or swimming complex is also potentially attractive as a private/public partnership.

Private Fundraising: While not addressed as a specific strategy for individual recreation facilities, it is not uncommon that public monies be leveraged with private donations.

Service Organizations: Many service organizations and corporations have funds available for park and recreation facilities.

Joint Development

Joint development opportunities may also occur between municipalities, nearby communities and counties, and among agencies or departments within a municipality or county. These opportunities should be explored whenever possible in order to maximize recreation opportunities and minimize costs. In order to make these kinds of opportunities happen there must be on-going and constant communication between people, governments, businesses interests and others.

Development Contributions

Development contributions are a means for requiring, as a condition of development approval, a builder or developer to give something to the city for the development of public facilities. Exactions can range from impact fees to land dedications for public improvements.

Park and Trail Impact Fees: Impact fees are especially useful in areas of rapid growth, and given the large amount of land that remains undeveloped, an impact fee is warranted. The city should ensure that their current impact fees are current with the new state laws.

Dedications: The dedication of land for parks has long been an accepted development requirement and is another valuable tool for implementing park development. The city can require the dedication or, if larger-sized parcels are desired, can offer development "bonuses" such as increased density of development in exchange for the dedication of land to the city for parks. In some cases, the developer may also be responsible for park improvements, which may also be maintained by a Homeowner's Association. In such cases, it is important to make a determination as to whether the parkland is private or public, and that the desired and appropriate facilities are provided.

City Funding - General Fund or Bonding and Special Taxes

The city can fund parks directly from its general fund or can bond for park development and spread the cost over many years. Due to the amounts needed to fund parks development, bonding is a reasonable approach. Repayment of the bonds

Funding Options

comes from general city revenue sources such as property and sales tax, or other earmarked tax revenue. Tax revenue collected for special purposes may be allocated to park development.

RAPZ Tax

Cache County has RAPZ Taxes available every year for recreation projects within the county. The city could use these taxes to match other funds to develop many of the projects listed in the plan. Because the RAPZ funds are limited, the city may need to take a phased approach to build a larger project.

User Fees

Many communities charge leagues and sports organizations to use facilities to recover some of the costs of upkeep and maintenance. A similar situation occurs with concessions. As it develops facilities, Smithfield should continue to charge user fees to recover at least some of the costs of maintenance and operations for recreation facilities, concessions, park sports facilities, and future cultural and recreational opportunities.

State and Federal Programs

The Land and Water Conservation Fund is made available to states and in Utah is administered by the Utah State Division of Parks and Recreation. Funds are matched with local funds for acquisition of park and recreation lands, redevelopment of older recreation facilities, trails, improvements to accessibility, and other recreation programs and facilities that provide close-to-home recreation opportunities for youth, adults, senior citizens, and persons with physical and mental disabilities. The Utah Outdoor Recreation Grant is a fairly new grant program that is sponsored by the Governor's Office of Economic Development. The grant is funded on a year-by-year basis through the State Legislature and can be used for outdoor recreation elements and trails.

Trails

Federal Funding

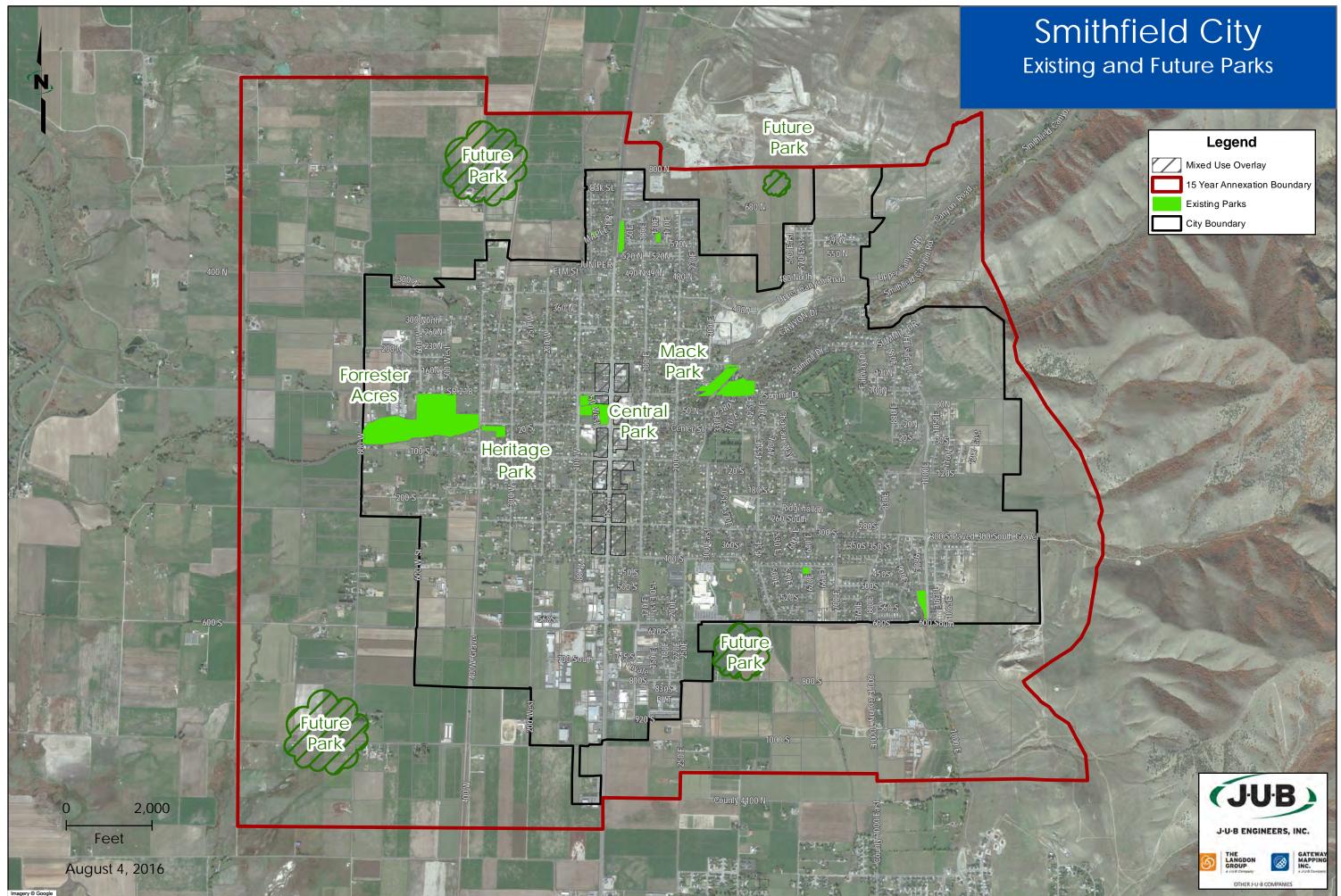
The funding programs created under the New Transportation Act of 2012 (reauthorized in 2016), include walking and bicycle facilities as eligible activities. Most federally-funded projects and activities require a state or local match. Federal sources may be available to Smithfield City either through the Utah Department of Transportation or Bear River Association of Governments.

Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP): Funds may be used for construction, planning, and design of on-road and off-road trail facilities. They may be used for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorized forms of transportation, including sidewalks, bicycles infrastructure, pedestrian and bicycle signals, traffic calming techniques, lighting and other safety-related infrastructure that will provide safe routes.

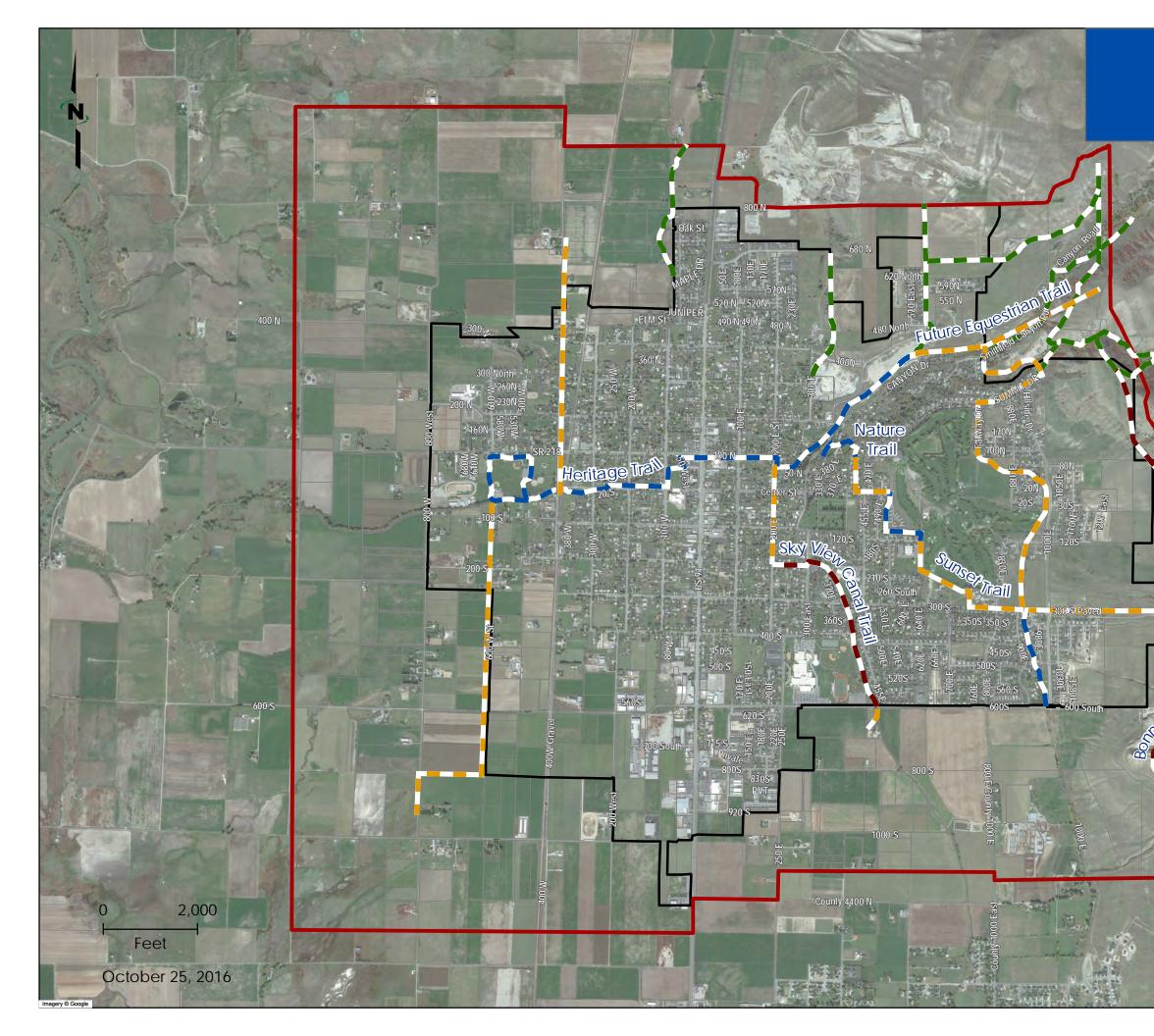
State Funding Opportunities

The State of Utah also has programs in place that can provide funding for bicycle and pedestrian facilities and programs. These funds are through the Utah State Parks Non-Motorized Trail Grants which are made available every year for trail projects.

Attachment 1 Existing and Future Parks Map



Attachment 2 Existing and Future Trails Map



Smithfield City Existing and Future Trails

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OTHER I-U-B COMPANIE

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GATEWA MAPPIN INC.

Attachment 3 Inventory of Existing Parks and Trails

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good						Acreage					
	Classification	Address	Park Use	Year Developed	Developed Acres	Undeveloped Acres	Detention Basin Acres	Total Acres			
Mack Park	Neighborhood	50 N. 300 E.	Pic, Volleyball	1934	4.8	1.8		6.6			
Central Park	Neighborhood	50 W. 100 N.	Pic, Sports	1920	6.3	1.7		8			
Heritage Park	Neighborhood	350/360 W. Center	Weddings, pic.	2003-2006	2.5						
Forrester Acres	Community	450 W. 100 N.	Sports, Rec,Pic.	1953 to 2016	42.5	4	1.5	48			
Sunset Park	Neighborhood	500 S. 1000 E.	Play ground, pic.	2015	2.6		2	2.6			
East Sky View	Mini-park	620 E. 420 S.	Play ground, pic.	2009	0.6	Under 0	Ground .6	0.6			
Hunter Meadows	Mini-park	570 N. 130 E.	Play ground, pic.	2010	0.6			0.6			
East Retention Park	Mini-park	630 N. Main	Recreation	2011	1.8		1.8	1.8			
Kids Corner	Mini-park	Wasatch - Maple	Play ground, pic.	1975	0.6			0.6			
Heritage Trail	Regional Trail	Through Town	Walking, biking	2001							
Nature Trail	Community	380 E. Canyon	Walking	2005							
Sunset Trail	Regional Trail	500 E. Center	Walking	2004							
Civic Center	Indoor Facility										
Youth Center	Indoor Facility										
Rec Center	Indoor Facility										

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Baseball Field		Baseball Field Lights		Softball Field		Softball Field Lights		Basketball Court	
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park										
Central Park										
Heritage Park										
Forrester Acres	2	3	1	3	2	3	2	3		
Sunset Park										
East Sky View										
Hunter Meadows										
East Retention Park										
Kids Corner									1	3
Heritage Trail										
Nature Trail										
Sunset Trail										
Civic Center										
Youth Center										
Rec Center										

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Basketball Court Lights		BBQ		Bench		Bleachers (movable)		Bleachers (fixed)		Pavilion, Small (1 Table)	
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park					12	3						
Central Park			3	3	10	3	2	3				
Heritage Park					7	3						
Forrester Acres					9	3	18	3	1	3	2	3
Sunset Park					3	3						
East Sky View					2	3						
Hunter Meadows					2	3						
East Retention Park												
Kids Corner					2	3						
Heritage Trail												
Nature Trail												
Sunset Trail												
Civic Center												
Youth Center												
Rec Center												

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Pavilion, Medium (2 - 9 Tables)		Pavilion, Large (10 Tables +)		Concession Stand(s)		Designated Football Field		Designated Football Field Lights		Designated Soccer Field	
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park			2	3								
Central Park			1	3								
Heritage Park												
Forrester Acres					4	3	1	3			1	3
Sunset Park												
East Sky View	1	3										
Hunter Meadows	1	3										
East Retention Park												
Kids Corner												
Heritage Trail												
Nature Trail												
Sunset Trail												
Civic Center												
Youth Center												
Rec Center												

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	-	gnated Soccer ield Lights		Fountain	Fencing		Fire Pit or Fireplace		Flag Pole		Frisbee Golf Course	
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Type	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park			2	2	Vood Plan	3	3	3				
Central Park					Chain Link	3			1	3		
Heritage Park					Vinyl	3						
Forrester Acres			5	3	Chain Link	3			1	3		
Sunset Park												
East Sky View			1	3	Vinyl	3						
Hunter Meadows			1	3	Vinyl	3						
East Retention Park												
Kids Corner					Chain/Viny	3						
Heritage Trail												
Nature Trail												
Sunset Trail					Chain/Viny	3						
Civic Center												
Youth Center												
Rec Center												

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Comm Gar	-	Specialized Garden		Historical Marker		Horseshoe Pit		Information Kiosk		Interactive Fountain	
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park							4	3				
Central Park					3	3	4	3	1	3		
Heritage Park					1	3						
Forrester Acres												
Sunset Park												
East Sky View												
Hunter Meadows												
East Retention Park												
Kids Corner												
Heritage Trail												
Nature Trail					1	3						
Sunset Trail												
Civic Center												
Youth Center												
Rec Center												

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good		Meetin	Meeting Room Equipment Storage Room		Multi-Use Field			Multi-Use Field Lights					
	(Yes/No)	(Automatic/ Manual)	Condition	Age	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Acres	Count	Condition
Mack Park	Ŷ	A	3	40			1	3					
Central Park	Y	А	3	40					1	3			
Heritage Park	Y	А	3	13									
Forrester Acres	Y	А	3	30yr.to current			8	3					
Sunset Park	Y	А	3	1					1	3	2.6		
East Sky View	Y	А	3	7									
Hunter Meadows	Y	А	3	6									
East Retention Park													
Kids Corner	Y	А	3	41									
Heritage Trail	Y	А	3	15									
Nature Trail	Y	А	3	11									
Sunset Trail	Y	А	3	12									
Civic Center													
Youth Center													
Rec Center													

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Need for Tree Replacement Schedule	Park	Sign		eet Parking er of stalls)		et Parking of stalls)	Picnic	: Table	-	ayground kids)		ayground kids)
	(Ves/No)	Count	Condition	Count	Pavement Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park	Y	3	3			83	3	30	3	2	3		
Central Park	Y	1	3	22	3	44	3	15	3	1	3		
Heritage Park	Y			6	3	7	3	1	3				
Forrester Acres	Υ	2	2	75	3	220	2	2	2	1	3		
Sunset Park	Y			25	3					1	3		
East Sky View	Y	1	3	12	3			8	3	1	3		
Hunter Meadows	Y			12	3			8	3	1	3		
East Retention Park													
Kids Corner	Y	1	3	15	3					1	3		
Heritage Trail	Y	15	3										
Nature Trail	Y	1	3			6	3						
Sunset Trail	Y												
Civic Center													
Youth Center													
Rec Center													

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Goal	e Soccer s for ny Fields	Portable T-Ball for Temporary Fields		Restrooms		Scorekeeper's Tower		Skate Park		Specialized Bowery i.e. gazebo, bandstand	
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park					1	2					1	3
Central Park	4	3			1	1	1	3				
Heritage Park											1	3
Forrester Acres	8	3	2	3	4	1	6	3				
Sunset Park												
East Sky View			Ī								1	3
Hunter Meadows											1	3
East Retention Park												
Kids Corner												
Heritage Trail												
Nature Trail												
Sunset Trail												
Civic Center												
Youth Center												
Rec Center												

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Splas	h Pad	Swimmi	ing Pool	Swi	ings	Tennis	s Court	Tennis Lig	s Court hts	Trail	Head	Trash Re	ceptacle
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park					2	3					1	3	16	3
Central Park											2	3	7	3
Heritage Park											1	3	1	3
Forrester Acres													39	3
Sunset Park													1	3
East Sky View					4	3							2	3
Hunter Meadows													2	3
East Retention Park														
Kids Corner					2	3							1	3
Heritage Trail														
Nature Trail														
Sunset Trail														
Civic Center														
Youth Center														
Rec Center														

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	-	all Court ved)	Volleyba (sa	all Court nd)	Volleyba Ligi		Trails W	Paths and /ithin the ark		Baseball eld	Youth Fie	eld Lights
	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition	Length	Condition	Count	Condition	Count	Condition
Mack Park			1	3			1600 '	3				
Central Park			1	3			350 '	3				
Heritage Park							1800 '	3				
Forrester Acres							4300'	3				
Sunset Park							2550	3				
East Sky View												
Hunter Meadows												
East Retention Park												
Kids Corner												
Heritage Trail							14,850'	3				
Nature Trail							1150'	3				
Sunset Trail							4250'	2				
Civic Center												
Youth Center												
Rec Center												

Condition Classifications Information 1- Bad 2- Fair 3 Good	Other (specify)		Other (specify)		Other (specify)			
	Amenity Name/Type	Condition	Amenity Name/Type	Condition	Amenity Name/Type	Condition		
Mack Park	River	3	Preservation Board	3				
Central Park	River - Flower Beds	3	Preservation Board	3	Christmas Lights	3		
Heritage Park	Historical Cabin	2	River Bridge	3	River	3		
Forrester Acres	Horse Arena & Track	3	Batting Cages, Dug out, Practice Pitcher	3	Memorial Monuments	3		
Sunset Park								
East Sky View								
Hunter Meadows								
East Retention Park								
Kids Corner								
Heritage Trail								
Nature Trail	Memorial Trees	3	River Bridge	3				
Sunset Trail								
Civic Center								
Youth Center								
Rec Center								

Park Name: Central Park	Park A	ddress: 50 W	/est 100 North
Size: 8 Acres	Classification: Nei		
Detention: None	Over All Condition	-	Year Built: 1920
	Amenities		
Item	Count		Condition
BBQ	3	Fair	condition
Bench	10	Good	
Bleachers	2	Fair	
Pavilion Large	1	Bad	
Fence	Chain Link	Fair	
Flag Pole	1	Fair	
Historical Marker	3	Good	
Horseshoe Pit	4	Fair	
Information Kiosk	1	Good	
Irrigation System	40 Years old	Fair	
Multi-Use Field	1	Good	
Park Sign	1	Good	
On-Street Parking	22	Good	
Off-Street Parking	44	Good	
Picnic Tables	30	Good	
Large Playground	1	Fair	
Portable Soccer Goals	4	Good	
Restrooms	1	Bad	
Scorekeeper's Tower	1	Fair	
Trail Head	1	Good	
Trash Receptacle	7	Fair	
Volleyball Court	1	Fair	
Walking Path	350 Feet	Good	
River and Flower Beds	Specialty Item	Good	
Christmas Lighting	Specialty Item	Good	
Future Needs	1 7		
Update or rebuild the restrooms			
Cement border around the volley	ball area		
Sprinkler system on the north sid			
Splash Pad	-		
Skate Park			
Redo curbing and sidewalk			
Update pavilion			
Purchase new picnic tables			
Plant additional trees			
New park sign			
Replace and enlarge river bridge			
Resurface playgrounds			
Parking lot update			
Update bleachers			
Update trash receptacles and lids	;		
Update drinking fountains			
Information board			

Park Name: Forrester Acres	Park Addr	ess: 450 West 100 North							
Size: 48 Acres	Classificat	ion: Community							
Detention: Yes 1.5 Acres	Over All Condition: G	-							
	Amenities								
Item	Count	Condition							
Baseball Field	2	Good							
Baseball Field Lights	1	Good							
Softball Field Lights	2	Fair							
Bench	9	Good							
Bleachers Movable	18	Good							
Bleachers Fixed	10	Fair							
Pavilion Small	2	Fair							
Concession Stands									
Football Field	4	Bad (Except for New Blue Socks) Good							
Soccer Field Designated	1 F	Good							
Drinking Fountains	5 Chain Link	Fair Rad to Fair Needs work							
Fence		Bad to Fair Needs work							
Flag Pole	1 30 or Less Years Old	Good Good							
Irrigation System									
Equipment Room	8	Fair							
Park Sign	2	Fair							
On-Street Parking	75	Good							
Off-Street Parking	220	Fair							
Picnic Tables	2	Bad							
Large Playground	1	Fair							
Portable Soccer Goals	8	Good							
Portable T-Ball	2	Good							
Restrooms	4	Bad							
Scorekeeper's Tower	6	Good							
Trash Receptacle	39	Fair							
Walking Path	.81 Mile	Good							
Horse Arena and Track		Good							
Batting Cages		Good							
Memorial Monument		Good							
Future Needs									
Update or rebuild the 3 restroor	ns								
Build pavilions and add tables									
New park signs									
Modify sprinkling system									
Modify culinary connections									
Replace homerun fence line thro									
Update backstop behind Blue So	ocks								
Add new parking lot									
Plant additional trees									
Add additional bike racks									
Expand the park in undeveloped	area								
Resurface playgrounds									
Install entrance gate, park sign, i	nformation board at the	horse arena							
Update trash receptacles and lid	S								
Information board									

Park Name: Heritage Park	Park A	ddress: 350 W	lest Center Street
Size: 2 Acres	Classif	cation: Neigh	borhood
Detention: None	Over All Condition	n: Good	Year Built:2003
	Amenities		
Item	Count		Condition
Bench	7	Good	
Fence	Vinyl Privacy	Good	
Historical Marker	1	Good	
Irrigation System	13 Years Old	Good	
Specialized Bowery	1	Good	
Off-Street Parking	7	Good	
Picnic Tables	1	Good	
Picnic Tables	1	Bad/Need	ds Updating
Trail Head	1	Good	
Trash Receptacle	1	Fair	
Historical Cabin	1	Fair	
River Bridge	1	Good	
Walking Path	.34 mile	Good	
Future Needs			
Park Sign			
Purchase moveable Stage for C	ity events		
Update Pavilion/bandstand			
Update trash receptacles and li	ids		

Park Name: Mack Park	Park A	ddress: 50 North 300 East						
Size: 6.6 Acres	Classification: Ne	ighborhood						
Detention: None								
	Ameniti	es						
Item	Count	Condition						
Bench	12	Good						
Pavilion Large	2	Fair						
Drinking Fountain	2	Fair						
Fencing	Wood Plank	Good						
Fire Pit	3	Fair						
Horseshoe Pit	4	Fair						
Irrigation System	40 years old	Good						
Equipment Storage Room	1	Good						
Park Sign	3	Good						
Off-Street Parking	83	Good						
Picnic Tables	30	Good for most/need replacement						
Large Playground	2	Fair						
Restrooms	1	Bad						
Swings	2	Good						
Trail Head	1	Good						
Trash Receptacle	16	Fair						
Volleyball Court Sand	1	Good						
Trail Bridge	1	Bad						
River through the park								
Walking Path in the Park	.3 mile	Good						
Future Needs								
Rebuild the bridge								
Remove large trees								
Develop area west of Mack Par	k							
Resurface playgrounds								
Update Restrooms								
Expand concrete around the pavilions								
Update Pavilions								
Update picnic tables ands benc	hes							
Add a welcome sign and inform	ation kiosk							
Add additional pavilion on the v								
Replace walking bridge								
Update trash receptacles and li	ds							

Park Name: Sunset Park	Park Address: 500 South 1000 East							
Size: 2.6 Acres	Classification: Neighborhood							
Detention: Yes 2 Acres	Over All Condition:	Good	Year Built:2015					
Amenities								
Item	Count		Condition					
Bench	3	Good						
Irrigation System	1 Year Old	Good						
Multi-Use Field	1 - 2.6 Acres	Good						
On-Street Parking	25	Good						
Large Playground	1	Good						
Trash Receptacle	1	Good						
Walking Path	.48 Miles	Good						
Future Needs								
Build restrooms								
Build pavilion								
Purchase new picnic tables								
Plant additional trees								
Update trash receptacles and lids								
Resurface playgrounds								
Add swing sets								

Trail Name: Heritage Trail	Trail Location: From Forrester Acres Park to Mack Park						
Length: 2.9 Miles	Classification: Regional						
	Over All Condition: G	ood	Year Built:2001				
Amenities							
ltem	Count		Condition				
Irrigation System	15 Year Old	Good					
Trail Signs	15	Good					
Connects Four Parks							

Trail Name: Nature Trail	Trail Location: 380 East Canyon						
Length: .2 Miles	Classification: Regional						
Use: Multi-use	Over All Condition: Good		Year Built: 2005				
Amenities							
Item	Count		Condition				
Irrigation System	11 Years Old	Good					
Trail Signs	1	Good					
Off-Street Parking	6	Good					
Memorial Trees	?	Good					
River Bridge	1	Good					
Historical Marker	1	Good					

Trail Name: Sunset Trail	Trail Location: 380 East Canyon					
Length: .80 Mile	Classification: Regional					
Use: Multi-use	Over All Condition: Good		Year Built: 2004			
Amenities						
Item	Count		Condition			
Fencing	Vinyl	Good				
Irrigation	12 Years old	Good				

Park Future Needs

<u>East Sky View Park</u> Resurface playgrounds Update pavilion Update trash receptacles and lids

Kids Corner

Resurface playgrounds New basketball hoops New picnic tables Update trash receptacles and lids

Hunter Meadows

Resurface playgrounds Update pavilion Park Sign Update trash receptacles and lids

East Retention

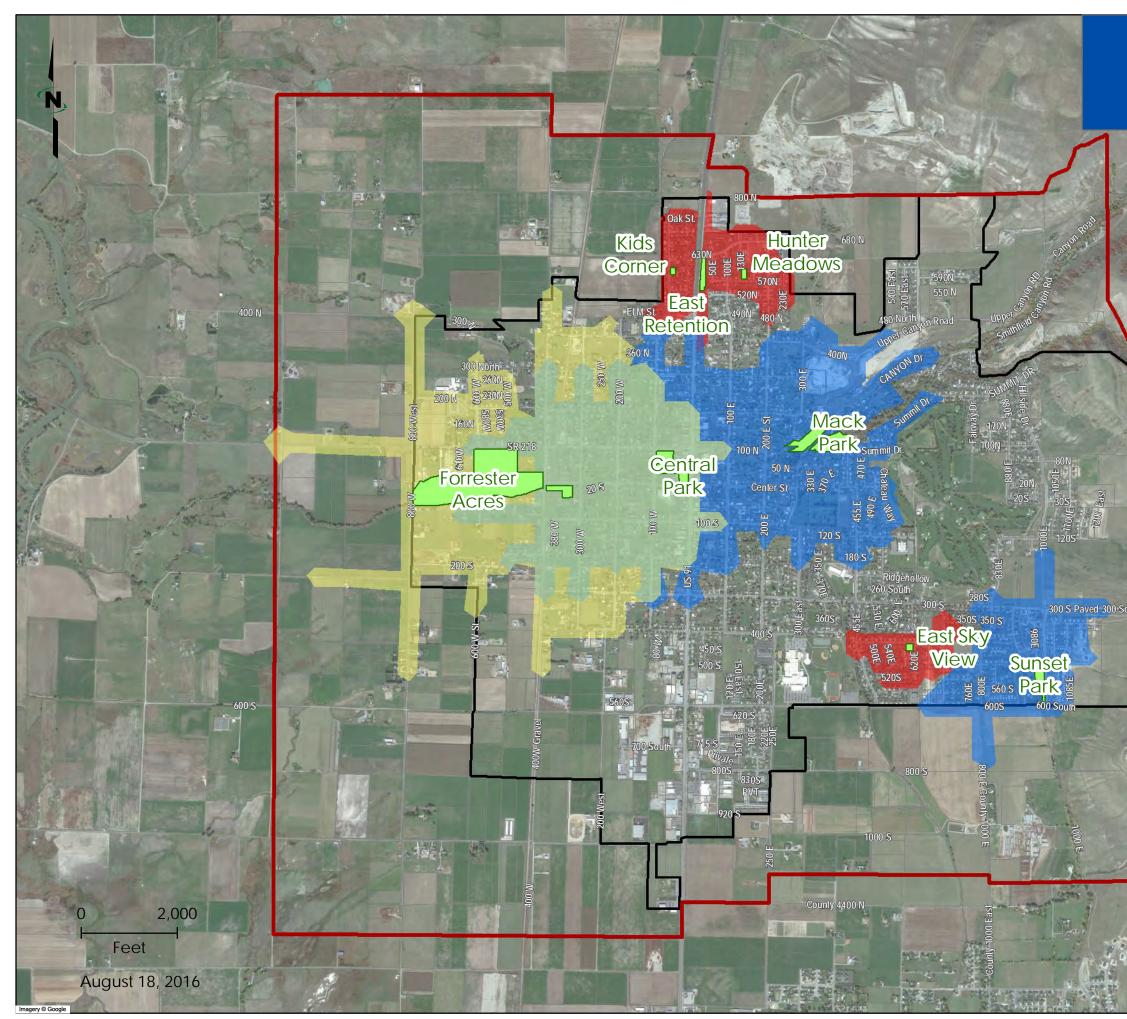
Add picnic tables, benches, and trash receptacles Park sign Plant trees

Trail Future Needs

Standardized trial signs Additional benches Rebuild areas where narrow sidewalks are used as part of the

trail system to a standardized wider asphalt trails

Attachment 4 Walkable Park Access Map



Smithfield City Walkable Park Access Areas



J-U-B ENGINEERS, INC.

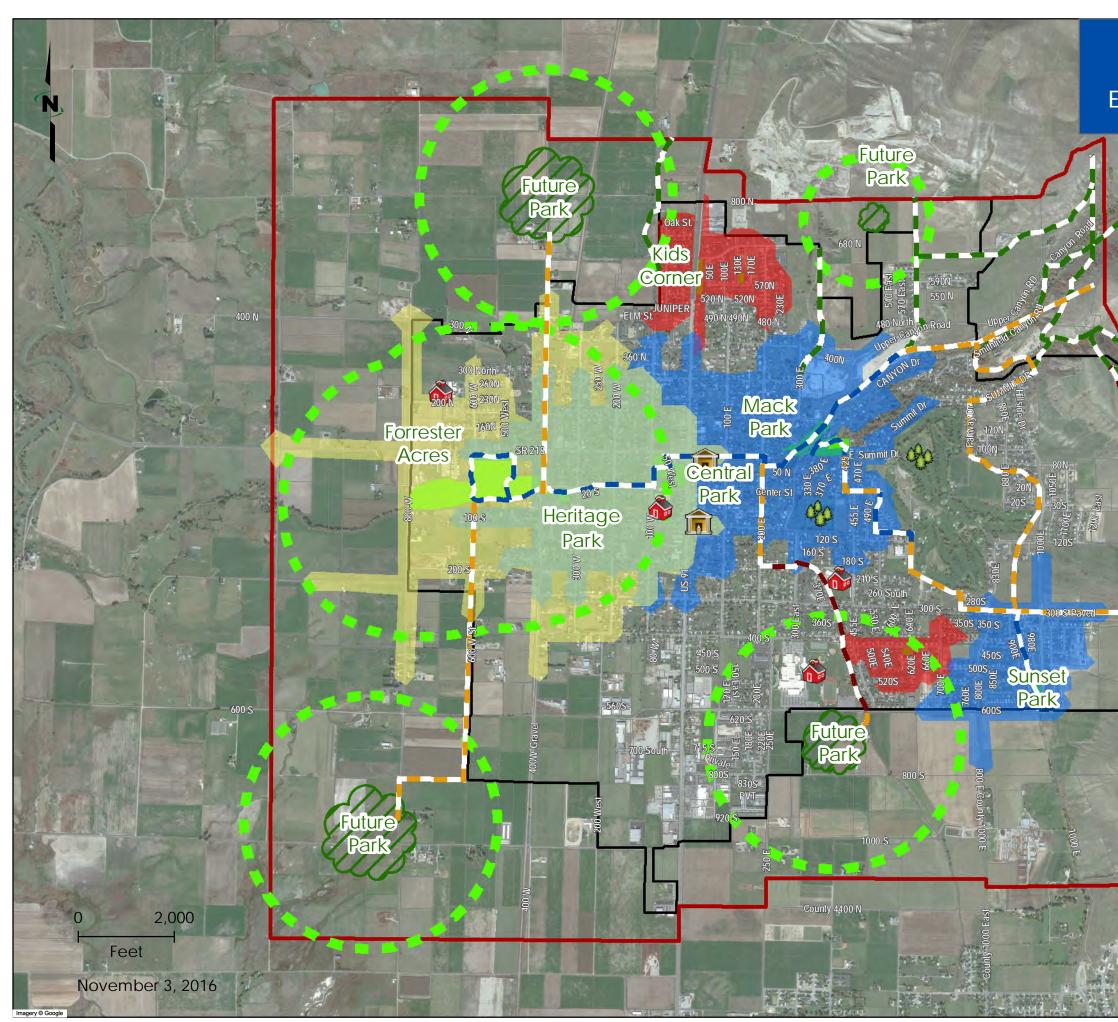
OTHER I-U-B COMPANIE

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GATEWA MAPPIN INC.

THE LANGDON GROUP

Attachment 5 Existing and Future Parks with Walkable Access Map



Smithfield City Existing and Future Parks & Trails



